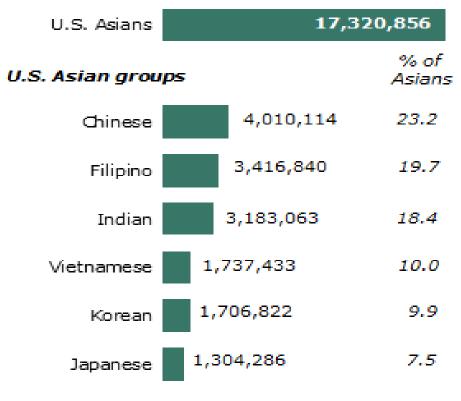
北美高校专科馆员的知识构成和队伍建设——以中国研究馆员为例

李国庆(俄亥俄州立大学) 陈晰(加州大学圣迭戈分校) 蒋树勇(伊利诺伊大学-香槟校区) 美国人口普查局的最新数据显示,美国华人人口已达452万,是美国亚裔中最大的族群,也是所有少数族裔中仅次于墨西哥人的第二大族群。

The Largest U.S. Asian Groups

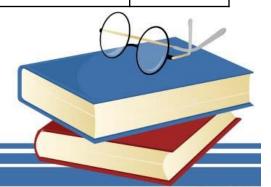
The six largest country of origin groups each number more than a million people



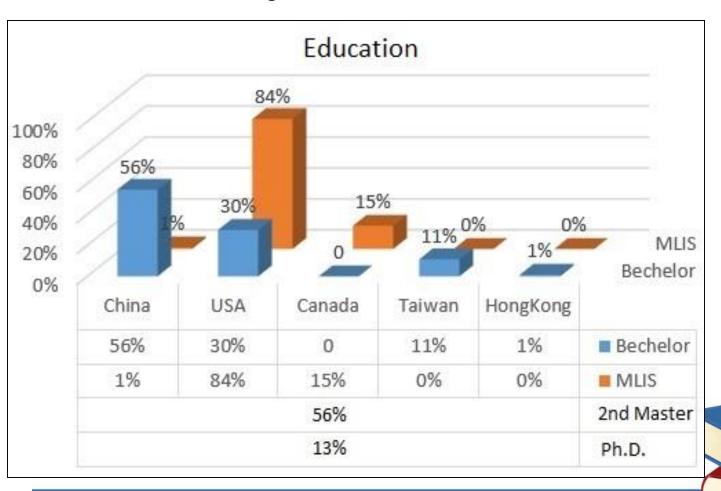


- There are 124 ARL libraries, exclude 16
 Canadian ARL members, and 8 non-university
 US ARL libraries, namely: Library of Congress,
 Smithsonian, etc.
- Searched each website of 100 US ARL
 University Libraries' employment directory page.
 Based on the last name, a total of 236 Chinese
 American librarians working in US ARL
 University Libraries are identified. (May missed some Chinese American librarians who have changed their Chinese last name after marriage they are not included in the study.)

Subject specialist 专科馆员	46%
Scholarly Communication /e-Resources /Systems /Data Service /Digital Curation 数字服务	23%
Cataloging/Metadata 编目	11%
Interlibrary Loan, Special Collection/Archive, Media, GIS 馆际互借、特藏	
Administration 管理	10%
Access service/Acquisition 采购	0%



Received their Master of Library and Information Science in North America (84% in USA, and 15% in Canada, 1% in China), because all ARL libraries require their professional librarians to have a master's degree from an ALA-accredited institution



硕士: 必备

(美国:84

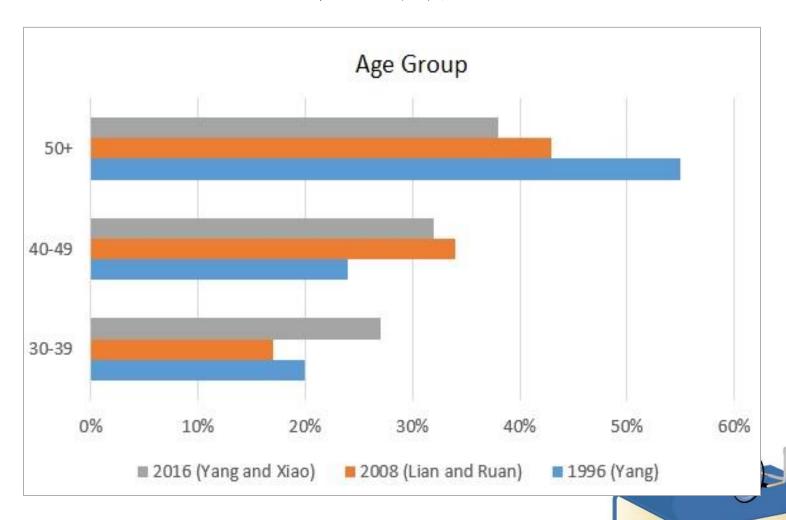
加拿大: 15

中国: 1)

双硕士: 56

博士: 13%

年龄构成



什么是"专科馆员"?

- Subject librarians offer a range of services to University departments and faculty, including core duties, such as collection development, reference, outreach and instruction.
- ■"Serves as subject librarian for [X department(s) or discipline(s)] and is responsible for outreach to students and faculty in [this area/these areas], and insuring that they are provided with quality collection development, reference and research assistance, instruction, and other appropriate services."

以"中国研究馆员"作为个案研究

- 职能描述包括以下内容
 - 职位名称
 - 专业职责
 - 教育和学术背景
 - **IT**技能
 - 工作经验
 - 语言能力
- 以部分中国研究馆员为例分析其知识结构

南加州大学图书馆2016年的招聘广告

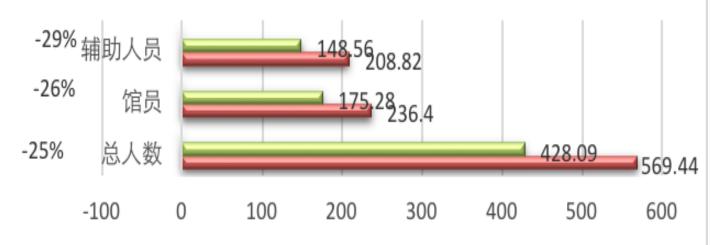
主要职能:为中文馆藏制定发展目标,实施计划,确保目标得以实现;选择和购买有关中国(香港,台湾)、涵盖各领域、中西文图书和数字资源,以支持文理学院和东亚研究中心的教学和研究;有效使用捐款和项目资金进行采购;与校内外各个机构积极合作,推广中文馆藏并促进与中国和中国人民的交流与合作;协同技术部门对资料进行整理和编目;联系中国供应商,图书经销商和政府机构,建立采购和收集资料的渠道;推广与中国研究相关的特藏;制作图书馆资源导航;为研究提供专业参考咨询、读者教育,并担任有关中国研究的学科联络人;为主馆和特藏馆提供日常信息咨询。

资格要求:有美国图书馆协会认证的图书信息学硕士学位,中文流利,了解咨询服务和读者教育,熟悉中文出版和研究界的发展趋势,有效的英文口语和书面沟通能力。具有在学术研究机构图书馆担任中国馆员的经验,最好有中国研究学科的研究生以上学位;熟悉中国出版界和供应商;了解基本编目原则,在原始编写中有效使用相关知识;有申请和管理项目资金的经验;了解图书馆信息技术;会使用软件制作网页。

在挑战中不断超越和突破

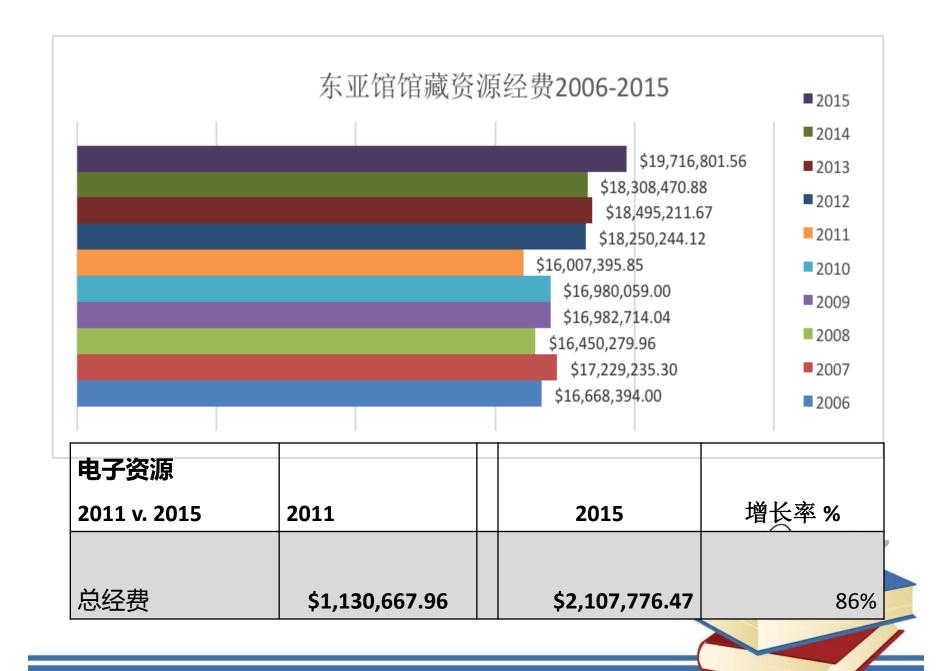
- 挑战1: 不给力经济的负面影响
 - ■预算紧缩 聘用冻结
 - 专业学科馆员缺乏导致图书馆服务一般化的趋势
 - ■以及由此而来的学科馆员职责范围的扩大、多元

2008 v. 2015 东亚图书馆人员变化



	总人数	馆员	辅助人员
■ 2008 v. 2015	-25%	-26%	-29%
≥ 2015	428.09	175.28	148.56
≥ 2008	569.44	236.4	208.82

■ 2008 v. 2015 ■ 2015 ■ 2008



Challenges	% of respondents
Not fully utilize my strength	30%
Lack of opportunity for advancement	30%
Lack of time for skill development	25%
Work life balance	25%
Keeping up with technological changes	19%
Lack of a mentor for guidance	19%
Lack of support from library administration	19%
Effective networking with colleagues in the field	16%
Bypassed for leadership positions in the library	11%
Culture barrier	11%
Lack of support from my supervisor	11%
My achievements not valued in the same manner	9%
as my colleagues	Q \ \
Racism and isolation from colleagues	6%
Language barrier to communicate effectively	6%

- ■挑战2: 学科研究的现代趋势
 - ■有别于其他学科的独特之处
 - 申国研究新趋势下跨学科、重现代、偏通俗的走向



结语-应对挑战:

- ■寻找学科信息的适时,兼备、久远
- ■提高宣传学科馆员的价值
- ■加强合作
- Don't be too modest
- Get or keep a mentor
- Seek opportunity to distinct yourself
- Develop your own expertise
- •Networking is crucial and be a good team player
- Improve communication and interpersonal skills